EVALUATION OF BAY BACTERIA AFTER PHASE I AND II OF THE NARRAGANSETT BAY COMMISSION'S CSO ABATEMENT PROJECT

NEERS Fall Meeting

October 22, 2016

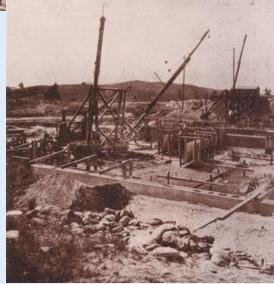
Christine Comeau & Eliza Moore



Narragansett Bay Commission – History of Combined Sewer Outfalls

- Late 1870's City of Providence constructs a sewer system which conveys waste through a series of 65 sewer outfalls directly into Providence's urban rivers and harbor
- 1901 Fields Point Chemical Precipitation Plant
- Much original infrastructure still remains, as well as the 65 outfalls
- Legacy of 100+ year old sewer systems
 - Providence, Pawtucket, Central Falls
- Combined Sewer System all flow, including domestic sewerage, industrial waste, and rainwater all flow into the same pipe



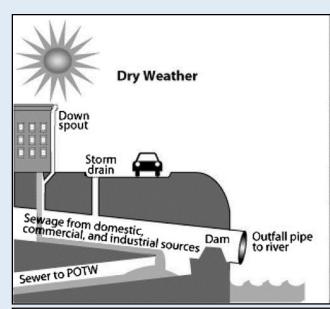


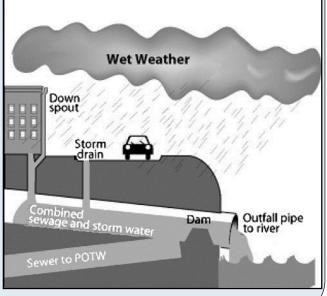
Combined Sewers

- Dry Weather system works
- Overflows occur when stormwater overwhelms capacity of sewer pipes
 - Excess combined sewage discharges into local rivers
- Discharge of 2.2 Billion gallons/year
- Public health & water quality issues
- Discharges violate Clean Water Act
 - CSOs are a major source of fecal coliform to receiving waters.
- CSO Abatement Project: reduce discharge by 98%









CSO Abatement Project: 3 Phases - ~\$1.2 Billion

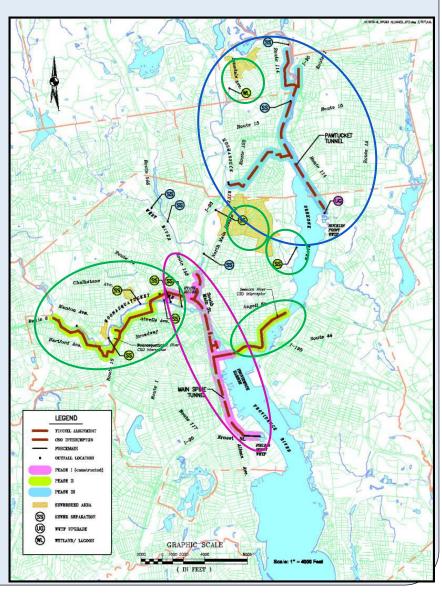
PHASE I (2001 – Oct 2008)

"3-month storm" 1.65 inches in 6 hours

- 26 ft diameter deep rock tunnel
- 3+ mile long, 300 ft. below ground
- 62 MG design capacity; 7 drop shafts to divert flow to tunnel
- 12 CSOs

PHASE II (2012 – 2015)

- Woonasquatucket & Seekonk River interceptors constructed to transport flow to the CSO tunnel
- Two sewer separations
 - Storm and sewer lines separated
- Constructed wetlands facility in Central Falls
 - 0.32 MG of storage
 - Pumped to sanitary sewer after rain event
 - Overflows to wetlands when tanks are full
- 10 CSOs



CSO Abatement Project: 3 Phases - ~\$1.2 Billion

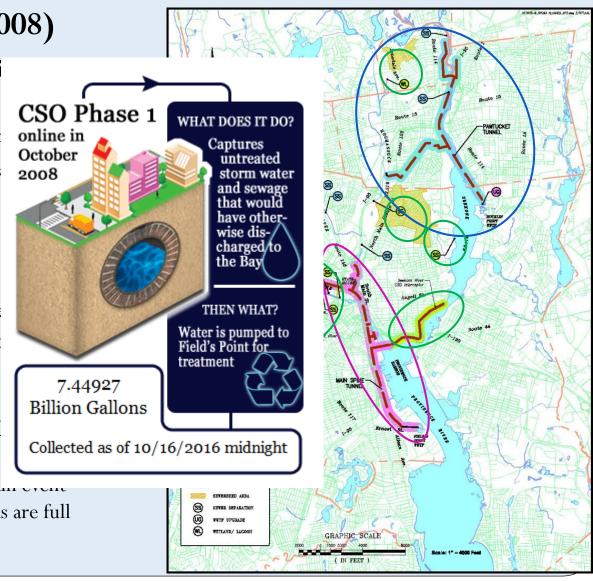
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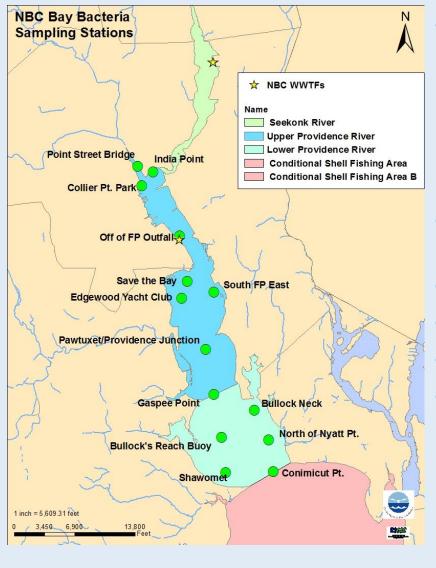
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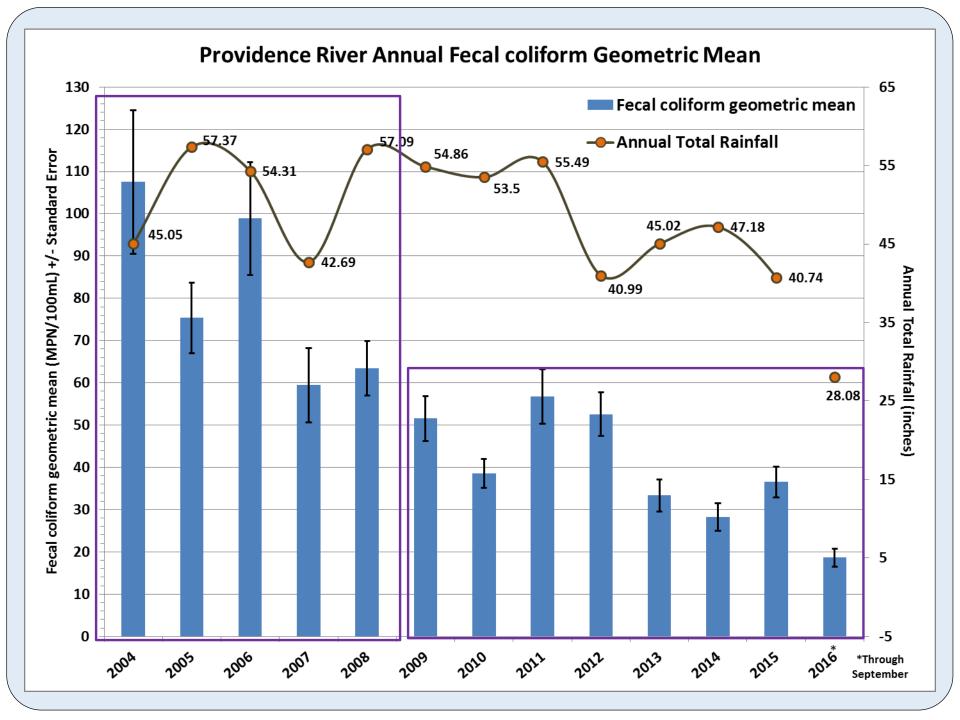
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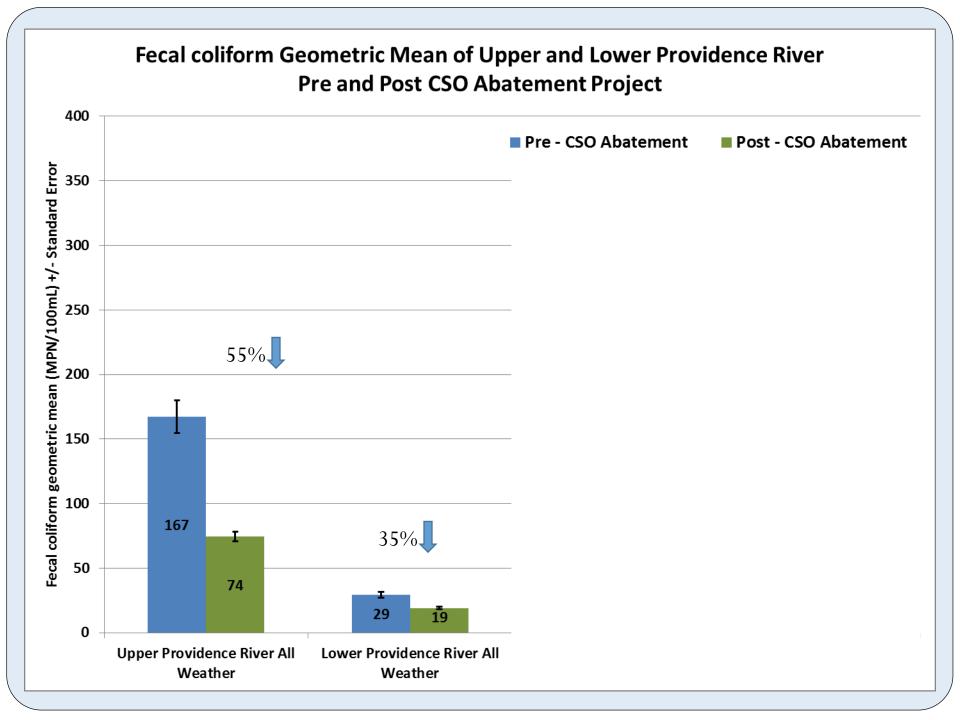


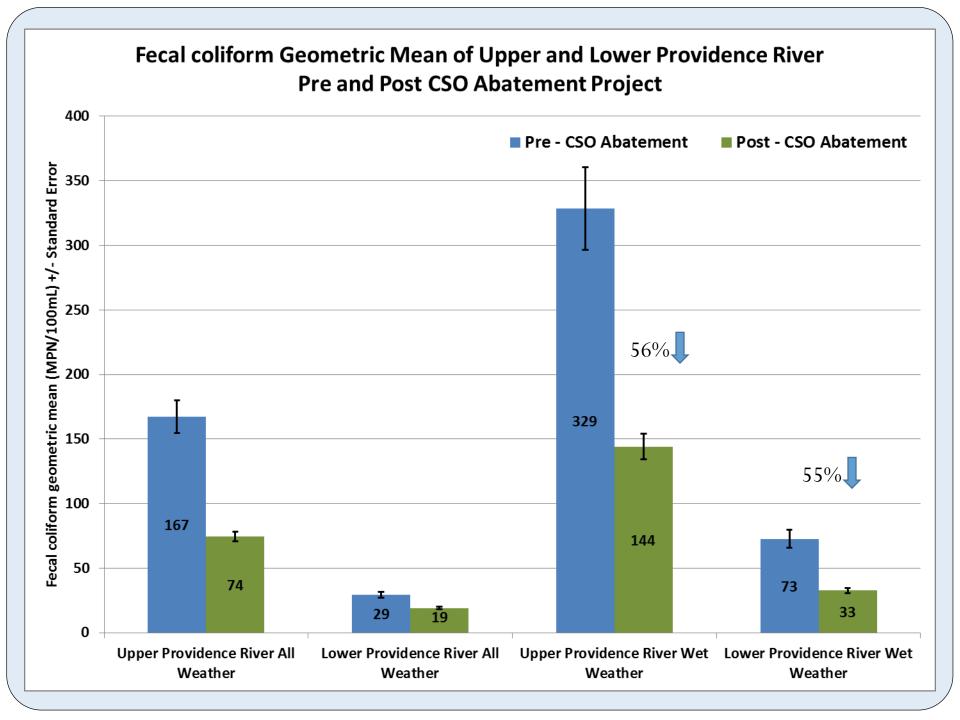
Upper Bay Bacteria Monitoring

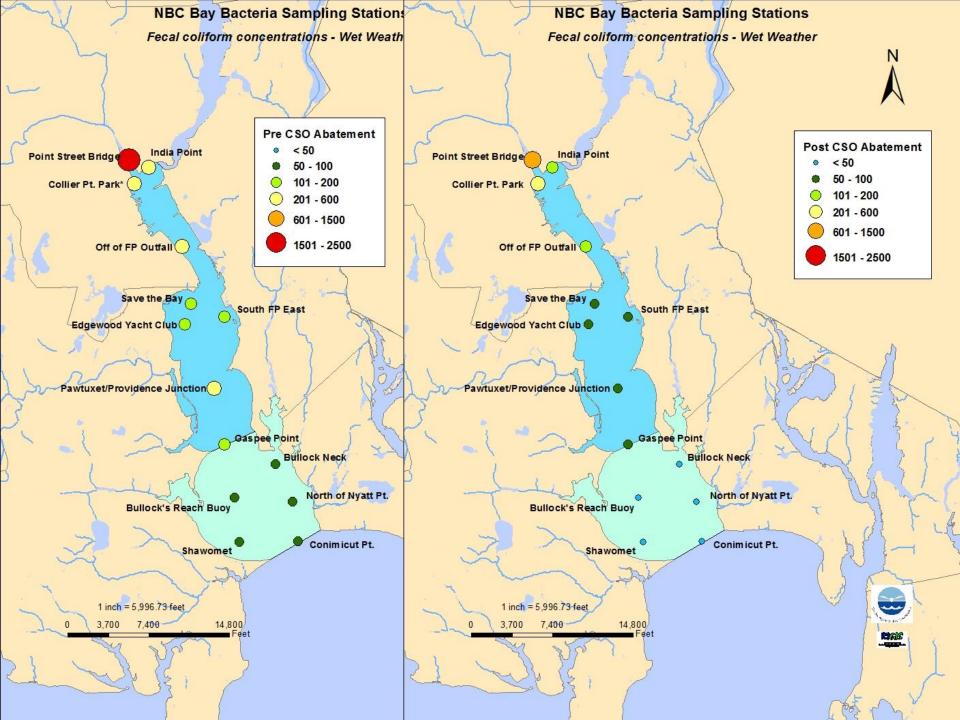


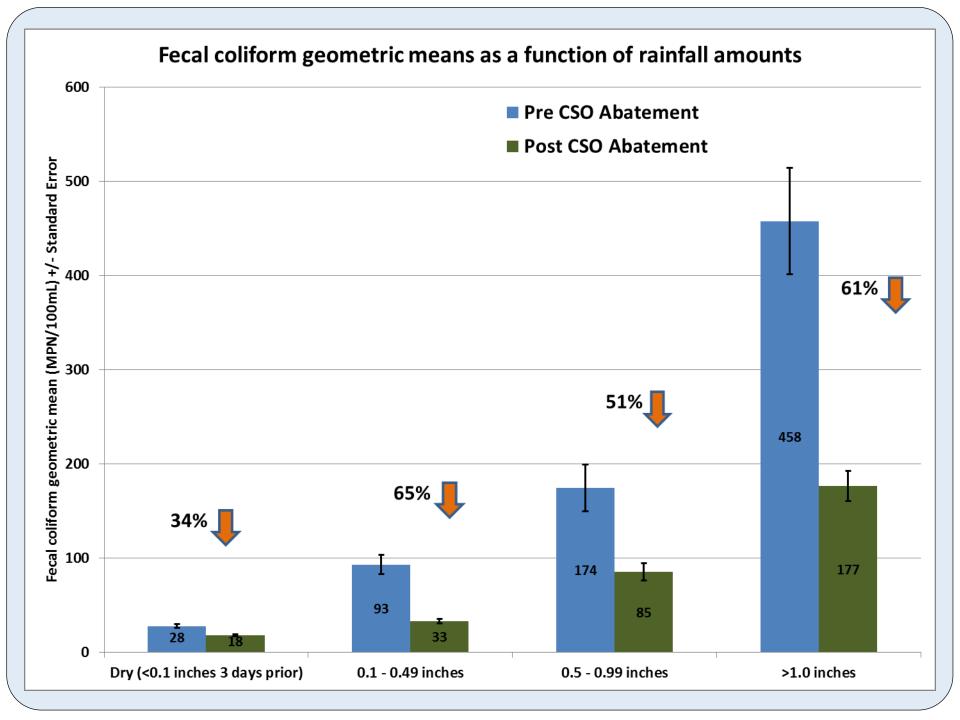
- 20 NBC Bay monitoring stations in Seekonk and Providence "Rivers"
 - 6 sites in Seekonk River
 - 14 sites in Providence River
 - 8 site in Upper Providence River
 - 6 sites in Lower Providence River
- Biweekly throughout year for fecal coliform bacteria
- Pre-Phase I & II (June 2004 Oct 2008)
- Post-Phase I & II (Nov 2008 Sept 2016)
- Dry day < 0.1 inches rainfall 3 days prior
- Wet day ->0.1 inches rainfall 3 days prior
- Why monitor? what impact do large scale infrastructure projects have on water quality in the bay?











Reductions in Fecal coliform Concentrations

- Significant decrease in Upper and Lower PR
- All sites have had a decrease in fecal coliform
 - 10/14 sites overall (all samples);
 - 11/14 sites in wet weather
- Significant decrease in rainfall events

What does this mean for water quality?

	Percent of	Percent of			
	Decrease	Decrease			
Sampling Locations	All Samples	Wet Weather			
Point Street Bridge	68%	50%			
India Point	64%	60%			
Collier Point Park	47%	40%			
F.P. Outfall	62%	56%			
Save the Bay	43%	60%			
South F.P. East	47%	46%			
Edgewood Yacht Club	48%	59%			
Pawtuxet/Providence					
Junction	44%	59%			
Gaspee Point At Channel	50%	57%			
Bullock Neck	17%	43%			
Bullocks Reach Buoy	30%	51%			
North of Nayatt Point	18%	50%			
Shawomet	40%	64%			
Conimicut Point	38%	55%			

Comparison to Primary Contact Standards

- RIDEM Primary contact standards: May October geomean; not more than 50 MPN/100 mL and not 10% of samples above 400 MPN/100 mL
- Average overall "compliance": Pre: 27%; Post: 57%
 - Upper PR: Pre CSO: 3%; Post CSO: 36%
 - Lower PR: Pre CSO: 61%; Post CSO: 85%

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016*
Point Street Bridge	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
India Point	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	NO
Collier Point Park	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES
Off of F.P. Outfall	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO
Save the Bay		NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES
South F.P. East	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	YES	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES
Edgewood Yacht Club	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	YES	NO
Pawtuxet/Providence													
Junction		NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO
Gaspee Point At													
Channel	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES
Bullock Neck	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES
Bullocks Reach Buoy	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	NO
North of Nayatt Point		YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES
Shawomet		YES	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES
Conimicut Point	YES	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Seasonal Rainfall	22.31	29.05	32.6	14.93	24.04	29.62	19.22	30.78	24.85	24.3	14.94	20.14	10.89

Shellfishing Areas in Upper Bay

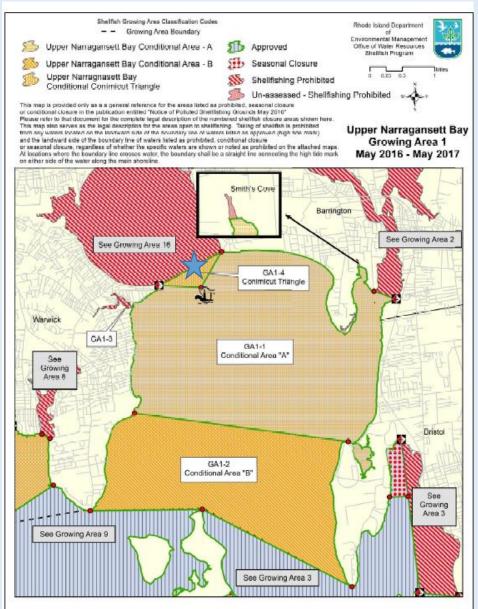
- Conditional Areas A & B, and small acreage area called Conimicut Triangle (Area C)
- Closures based on rainfall amounts, and bypasses from WWTFs
 - 7 days or 10 days

Quahogs main shellfish harvested in RI

~\$5 million dockside value of quahogs (2012)

54% of the quahog harvest came from Areas A, B, & C (2013)

(The Rhode Island Shellfish Management Plan, 2014)



Developments in Shellfishing regulations since CSO Abatement Project

- <u>Feb 2009:</u> DEM and FDA agree on new monitoring procedures to allow DEM to re-open Conditional Areas A & B to shellfish harvesting as soon as the data demonstrates it is safe to do.
 - Has resulted in ~ 36 days of early opening since 2009 due to good water quality
- <u>May 2011:</u> Conditional Area A, closed after 0.8 inch of rainfall, up from 0.5 inch. Conditional Area B closed after 1.5 inches of rainfall, up from 1.0 inch
 - Area A: open ~ 65 more days/year;
 - Area B: open ~ 45 more days/year
 - Closure criteria remained at 0.5 inches rainfall at Conimicut Triangle
- <u>May 2013:</u> 462 acre area in Lower PR: rainfall closure criteria increased from 0.5 inches to 0.8 inches of rainfall received in the Providence area. Size of the "Conimicut Triangle" will be reduced and the size of Conditional Area A will increase
- <u>May 2016</u>: Lower portion of Providence River is showing promise and may be reopened conditionally to shell fishing in future years, though shellfish management plans must be developed
 - 2 most southern monitoring stations have shown results in compliance with shellfishing standards in 3 of the past 4 years!

Acknowledgements

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Data and Presentations are available on NBC
Website at
http://snapshot.narrabay.com

