# NBC SUSTAINABILITY PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS

James McCaughey, P.E. Environmental, Safety, and Technical Assistance Manager

## **NBC** History of Sustainability

- 1985 -Recognized for Energy Efficient Operations
- 1993 Most Efficient Large Wastewater Treatment Facility in RI
- 1992 NBC Pollution Prevention Program
- 1994 Named an "Environmental Success Story" and finalist for an Environmental Sustainability Award
- 1995 Field's Point Best Operated and Maintained large WWTF in the country by the US EPA
- 1996 AMSA's Award for a Wildlife Management Program at Bucklin Point 1998 –Pretreatment Program receives US EPA's National Pretreatment Excellence Award



- 2000 AMSA's Award for the 1999 Shellfish Transplant Program
- 2007 NACWA Education Award for the Classroom Program, Woon Watershed Explorers
- 2008 Standard & Poor's ratings raised on NBC Revenue Bonds from "A+" to "AA-"
- 2009 Worksite Health Award from the Providence Chamber of Commerce and Blue Cross/Blue Shield
- 2011 NBC named one of the "Best Places to Work in Rhode Island" by PBN

NBC Sustainability Programs and Projects

- NBC Pollution Prevention Program
- Wind Turbines
- Biogas Combined Heat and Power
- WWTF Energy Management Systems
- Fats Oil and Grease Environmental Results Program
- On-Going and Planned Projects

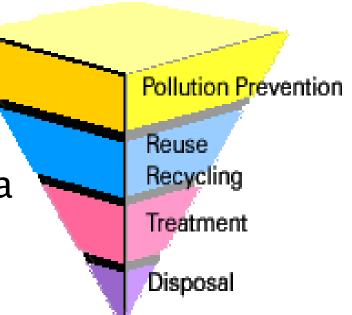


NBC Operations Building
Houses new Plant Computer
Control Center - Completed
Dec. 2011
LEED Silver Certified

### Pollution Prevention Act of 1990

### Waste Management Hierarchy:

- 1.Prevented or Reduce at Source
- 2.Recycled or Recover
- 3. Treated in Safe Manner
- 4.Disposed of or Otherwise Release to the Environment in a Safe Manner



## **NBC Pollution Prevention Program**

Program Title	<b>Grant Number</b>	Year Awarded	Award Amount
NBC Pollution Prevention Program	NP818873-01-0	1992	\$300,000
Pollution Prevention College Course	NP991705-01-1	1995	\$60,000
CLEAN P2 - Regulatory Relief Program	NP991756-01-0	1996	\$85,000
NBC Metal Finishing 2000 Program	NP991195-01-0	1997	\$35,000
NBC Metal Finishing Seminars	NP991402-01-0	1998	\$25,000
Environmental Management Systems	NP991679-01-0	1999	\$32,000
Environmental Best Management Practices	NP98121801-0	2000	\$35,000
MP&M Pollution Prevention Audits	NP98142601	2001	\$50,000
Pollution Prevention in RI Hospitals	NP98154501-0	2002	\$25,000
Pollution Prevention for Scrap Yards	NP98182201-0	2003	\$25,000
Stormwater Pollution Prevention	NP97107901-0	2004	\$35,000
EPA Energy Conservation	NP97126001-0	2005	\$35,000
RI Biogas Feasibility Study	N/A	2006	\$25,000
RI Wind Energy Feasibility Study	N/A	2006	\$25,000
SIG Grant		2008	\$275,000
Total:			\$1,067,000

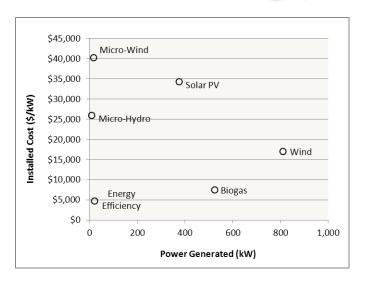
# Renewable Energy Opportunities 2005 EPA Grant

- Renewable Energy
  - Green Power
  - Alternative Energy
  - Clean Energy
- Naturally Replenished in a Short Period of Time
- Generally Clean (Green)
- Readily Accessible



- Solar
- Wind
- Water (Hydro-Power)
- Geothermal
- Bio-Mass/Bio-Gas

# **NBC Energy Projects**





				to stall a d	Portion of WWTF	
			Average	Installed	Load (2013)	
Electric	Unsubsidized	Capacity	Output	Cost	Bucklin	Fields
Generation	<b>Cost Estimate</b>	Factor	(kW)	(\$/kW <sub>actual</sub> )	Point	Point
Typical EE Project	\$55,086	100%	21	\$4,713	1.4%	0.9%
Biogas CHP	\$3,920,000	88%	525	\$7,461	35%	0%
Wind	\$13,768,511	18%	810	\$16,998	0%	34%
Solar PV	\$12,896,054	14%	376	\$34,273	25%	0%
Micro-Wind	\$725,000	18%	18	\$40,278	1.2%	0%
Micro-Hydro	\$500,000	54%	17	\$28,979	0%	0.7%

# **Energy Efficiency**

Location	Description of Energy Efficiency Project	Energy Savings (kWh/yr)
Bucklin Point	Efficient Blower Selection	618,757
Bucklin Point	Optimal DO and Blower Control	502,416
Bucklin Point	VFDs on Recycle Pumps	81,858
Fields Point	VFDs on Blowers 1, 2 & 3	198,345
Fields Point	Power Washing Diffuser Heads	25,266
Fields Point	Pilot Tube Air Station Sensors	24,788
СОВ	Lighting upgrade at Corporate Office Building	63,419





### NBC Field's Point WWTF

- Field's Point WWTF Operations
  - 45 MGD (170.1 MLD) Average
  - 65 MGD (246 MLD) Secondary
  - 200 MGD (756 MLD) Primary
  - Chlorination/De-chlorination
  - Sludge Gravity Thickeners
  - 4 Pumping Stations
- Field's Point WWTF Energy Use
  - 1.34 MW Electrical Load
  - 13,020,000 kWh/year
  - \$1,600,000/year
  - 23% of Annual Operating Budget



#### Renewable Opportunities:

- Wind
- Hydro–Electric
- Small Solar

## Project Feasibility Study - Wind

\$25,000 Grant from State of RI Technical and Economical Feasibility Wind Data - On-Site Measurement 2007 - 2009







## Wind Energy

Three Goldwind - GW/82 1500 Wind Turbines 1.5 MW each

Multi-pole Synchronous - Permanent Magnet

Hub Height: 70 Meters (230 feet)

Blade Length: 40.28 meters (132.2 feet)

Mass of Single Blade: 6,800 kg (7.5 tons)

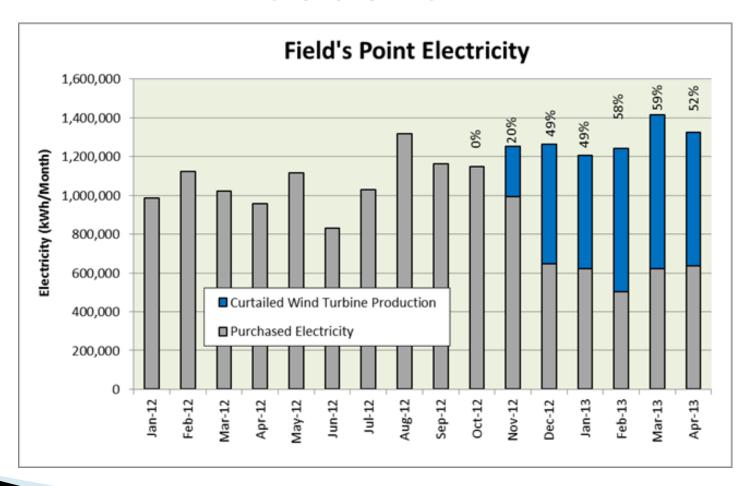
Rotor Diameter: 82 meters (270 feet) Total Height: 111 meters (364 feet)



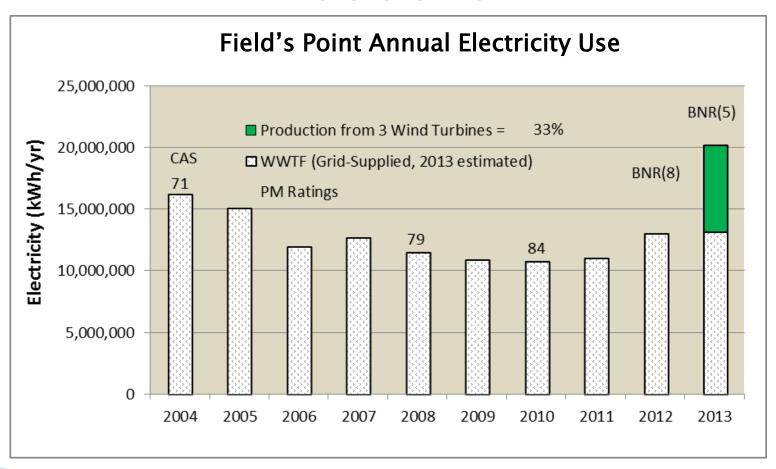


Total Project Cost	\$13,500,000 (2013)
Electric Production	7,113,000 kWh/yr
Percent of Use	40%
GHG avoided	2,945 tons/yr CO <sub>2</sub>
Offset equivalent	633 homes
Electric Rate (kWh based 2011)	\$0.097 per kWh
Estimated average REC	\$0.035 per kWh
O&M Cost	\$0.011 per kWh
Total Savings Rate	\$0.121 per kWh
Simple Pay Back Period	15.6 Years

## Wind Energy Recent Monthly Production



# Wind Energy Future Annual Production



### **NBC Bucklin Point WWTF**

- Bucklin Point WWTF Operations
  - 24 MGD (90.8 MLD)
  - 46 MGD (174 MLD) Secondary/Tertiary
  - 116 MGD (438 MLD) Primary
  - UV Disinfection
  - Anaerobic Digestion
  - 3 Pumping Stations
- Bucklin Point WWTF Energy Use
  - 1.46 MW Average Demand
  - 12,870,000 kWh/year
  - \$1,520,000/year
  - 30% of Annual Operating Budget



#### Renewable Opportunities:

- Biogas
- Large Solar

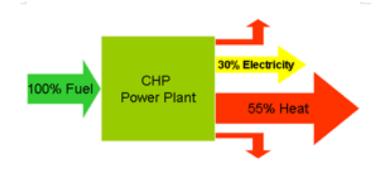
## **BioGas Energy**

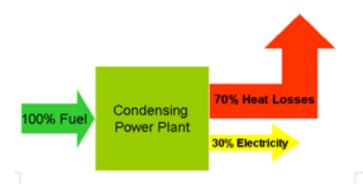
#### Bio-Gas

- By-Product Anaerobic Digestion
- Contains
  - CH<sub>4</sub> 60 %
  - CO<sub>2</sub> 35%
  - $H_2S$  0 300 ppmv
  - Trace Contaminates
- Energy Content
  - 550 BTU/SCF
- Energy Value
  - \$12.6 / MMBtu (\$0.70 / HCF)



### Combined Heat and Power





#### **Combined Heat and Power**

- Electrical Efficiencies: 30
  - 35%
- Heat Capture: 40 55 %
- Heat Loss: 10 20 %

#### **Conventional Power Plant**

- Electrical Efficiencies: 30
  - 35 %
- Heat Loss: 60 70%

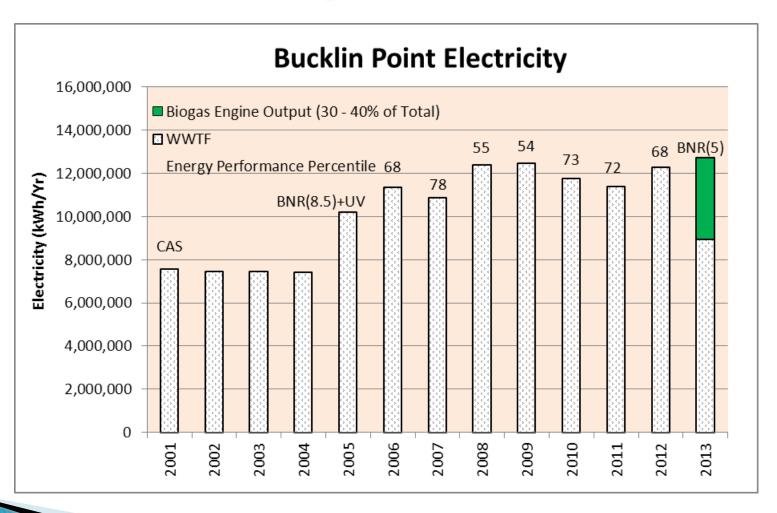
# NBC Bucklin Point Biogas Energy Project

- \$25,000 Grant from State of RI Feasibility Study
- 600 kW Combined Heat and Power (CHP) System
- ▶ 36% of BP Electricity Demand
- 90 % of BP Digester Heat Demand
- 250,000 SCFD Biogas Production (60% Methane)
- Estimated Project Cost: \$3,920,000
- Estimated Annual Operating Cost: \$172,000
- Estimated Annual Electricity Cost Savings: \$440,000
- Estimated Annual Natural Gas Cost Savings: \$47,000





## NBC Bucklin Point Biogas Calculated Energy Production



# Sustainable Energy Management Program for WWTF

# Energy Focused -Environmental Management Systems (EF-EMS)

- ▶ EPA Energy Management Guidebook for Wastewater and Water Utilities
- Energy Star Portfolio Manager
  - Measure and Benchmark Energy Use Performance
  - Energy Conservation and Efficiency
  - Renewable Energy Opportunity Assessments

# Fats Oils and Grease Environmental Results Program (FOG-ERP)

- Restaurants and Food Service Facilities
- FOG Management Use as an Energy Source

**EPA 2008 State Innovations Grant** \$275,000 Grant Award





# Sustainable Energy Management Program for WWTF

#### **Project Partners**

- Narragansett Bay Commission
- University of Rhode Island
- Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management
- Rhode Island Manufacturing Extension Services
- EPA Region I
- National Grid
- RIOER











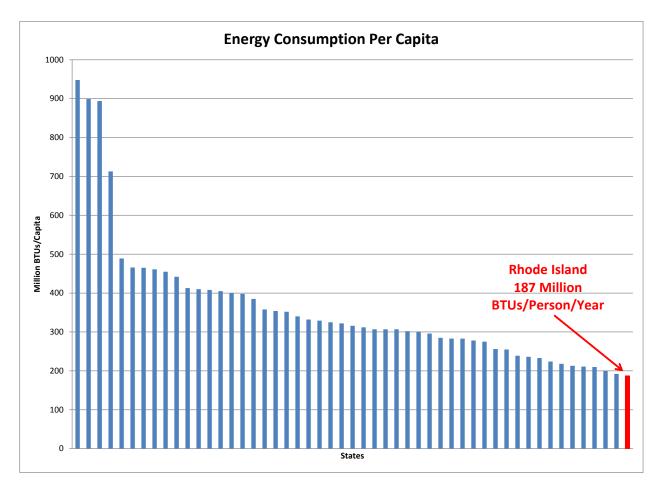


## **Electricity Costs US-NE-RI**



Energy Information Administration - www.eia.doe.gov

## **US Per Capita Energy Consumption**



Energy Information Administration - www.eia.doe.gov

## WWTF Sustainability Project Tasks

Rhode Island 39 Cities and Towns 5 Counties Population ≈ 1,053,000 3,144 sq km (1,214 sq miles) Nineteen Municipal WWTF 620 MLD (165 mgd) 63,000,000 kWh/yr \$8.8 M/yr 1 M Metric Tons CO<sub>2(e)</sub>/yr

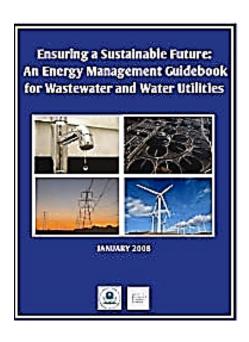


# Sustainable Energy Management Program for WWTF

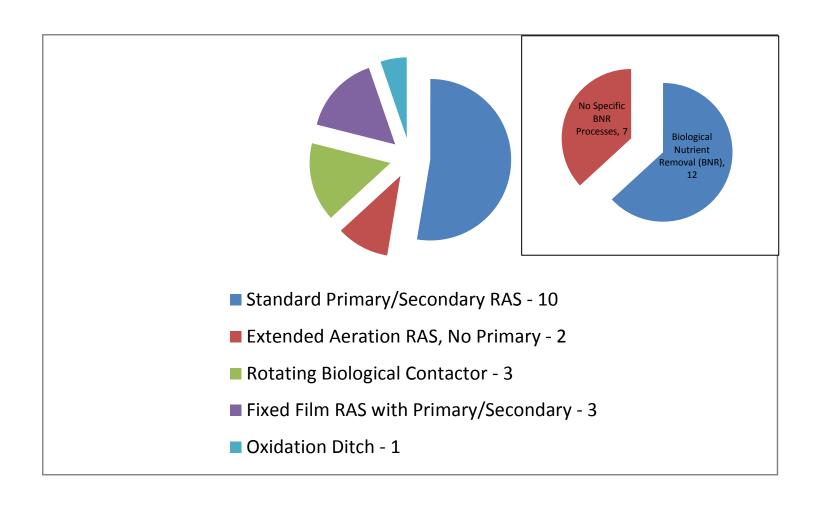
A Sustainable WWTF Energy Management Program is recognized as consisting of practices, procedures, policies and technologies that put in place today will continuously support and sustain WWTF operations into the future.

- Improve Energy Management Practices at all 19 RI WWTFs
- Utilize EPA "Energy Guidebook"
- Establish energy-use baselines for each participating WWTF - using EPA's Portfolio Manger
- Conduct energy use assessments for all 19 WWTFs
- Establish WWTF EF-EMS Roundtable





### Rhode Island's 19 WWTFs



### Sustainable Energy Management

#### Plan

- Develop Energy Policy
- Form Energy Team
- Conducted Energy Use Assessments
- Establish Energy Goals
- Track and Benchmarking Energy Use
- Identify Objectives, Targets and Indicators
- Develop Energy Management Plans

#### Do

Implement Energy Management Plan

#### Check

Monitor and Measure

#### Act

- Review Progress and Make Adjustments
- Document and Communicate Success



#### **Other P-D-C-A Approaches**

- •WEF Energy Road Map
- •ISO 14001 EMS
- •ISO 50001 Energy Standard
- •ANSI/MSE
- Asset Management
- National Bio-Solids Partnership



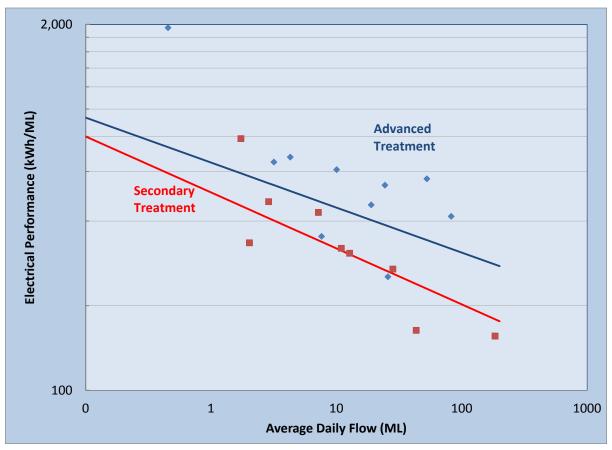


## **Rhode Island WWTFs**

WWTF	Population	Electricity	Gas	Oil	Energy	Flow	Volume	Electric	Heat	Total
ID		kWh	therms	gallons	Mbtu	MGD	MG/Yr	kWh/MG	kBtu/MG	kBtu/MG
RI-WWTF-2	1,720	247,300	0	3,000	1,324	0.54	195	1,266	2,150	6,777
RI-WWTF-1	750 / 8500	322,418	0	0	1,100	0.11	38	8,378	0	28,586
RI-WWTF-4	16,361	492,600	2,790	1,900	2,288	0.70	255	1,932	2,137	8,973
RI-WWTF-3	6,000	496,534	0	2,000	2,014	0.54	196	2,532	1,428	10,269
RI-WWTF-5	8,000	750,700	0	7,158	3,707	0.84	306	2,453	3,274	12,111
RI-WWTF-8	13,000	979,874	0	9,427	4,852	2.01	734	1,335	1,798	6,609
RI-WWTF-6	2,500	1,051,878	20,350	0	5,624	1.08	393	2,676	5,177	14,307
RI-WWTF-7	8,000	1,095,268	0	16,018	6,300	1.90	694	1,579	3,234	9,084
RI-WWTF-9	25,396	1,277,575	0	17,500	7,159	2.89	1,056	1,210	2,321	6,782
RI-WWTF-10	16,900	1,431,124	10,569	1,112	6,118	3.65	1,333	1,073	909	4,588
RI-WWTF-19	10,000	2,234,168	0	4,800	8,391	2.70	986	2,267	682	8,514
RI-WWTF-15	38,385	2,703,613	23,758	0	11,601	11.83	4,318	626	550	2,687
RI-WWTF-13	47,935	2,776,279	48,531	0	14,326	7.42	2,710	1,025	1,791	5,286
RI-WWTF-11	28,000	3,159,000	27,469	0	13,525	5.01	1,829	1,727	1,502	7,395
RI-WWTF-12	30,000	4,776,225	0	19,411	19,402	6.45	2,354	2,029	1,154	8,242
RI-WWTF-16	77,000	7,874,578	58,735	0	32,742	13.92	5,079	1,550	1,156	6,446
RI-WWTF-14	52,200	8,716,754	4,195	3,085	30,655	33.14	12,097	721	70	2,534
RI-WWTF-18	208,743	10,486,807	74,004	0	43,181	48.67	17,765	590	417	2,431
RI-WWTF-17	119,809	12,507,940	39,883	0	46,665	21.75	7,938	1,576	502	5,879
	709,949	63,380,636	310,284	85,411	260,973		60,276	1,052	713	4,330

## **Electricity Costs**

#### **RI WWTF Electrical Energy Performance**



Trend Lines from: Water Environment Federation - MOP No. MFD-2

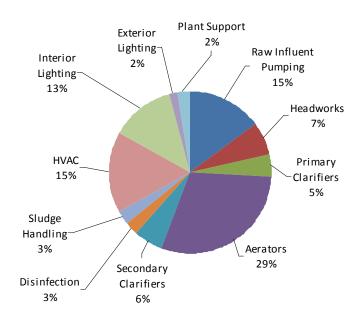
## Energy Focused Environmental Management System

### **Energy Use Assessments**

#### Distribution of Energy Costs

ASPECTS	IMPACTS					
<b>Process Operation</b>	kWh/day   kWh/MG		lb CO <sub>2</sub> /MG	\$/MG		
Aeration (Diffused Air)	26,600	532	450	\$53.20		
Wastewater Pumping	6,030	121	102	\$12.06		
Lighting for Buildings	2,000	40	34	\$4.00		
Return Sludge Pumping	1,627	33	27	\$3.25		
Belt Filter Press	1,164	23	20	\$2.33		
Primary Clarifiers	776	16	13	\$1.55		
Secondary Clarifiers	776	16	13	\$1.55		
Aerated Grit Removal	600	12	10	\$1.20		





## Energy Focused Environmental Management System

### **Energy Use Assessments**

#### Potential Energy Efficiency Measures

EEM No.	Description	Comments
1	Nitrate Sensors	Installation of nitrate sensors for automatic termination of aerobic phase operation would need to save at least 23,000 kWh annually to qualify for an incentive worth \$12,404. Measure costs are \$30,190 and demand savings during summer months would need to be 5.9 kW on average. It may be possible for this degree of savings to be achieved.
2	Primary Sludge Pump Drive Retrofit	An existing slip drive could be replaced with a single-speed gear drive and save approximately 1.3 kW and 1,900 kWh. Costs are estimated to be around \$3,000. This measure may qualify for incentives.
3	Plant Water Pump VSD	Installation of a 5-hp VSD could qualify for a \$1,700 prescriptive incentive.
4	Lighting Fixture and Controls Retrofit	DMI recommends that National Grid send a project expediter to the site to review lighting retrofit opportunities. There are many T12 and low-bay metal halide fixtures that could be changed.  Occupancy /vacancy sensors could be installed in many areas.
5	HVAC Controls Retrofit	The plant may be able to participate in the prescriptive EMS program and the Cool Choice program if modifications are made to the HVAC systems.

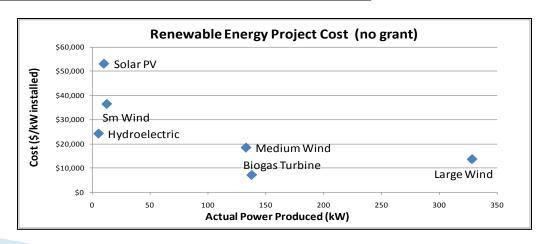


### Energy Focused Environmental Management System

### **Energy Use Assessments**

Renewable Energy Opportunities

Renewable Resource	Actual Power (kW)	Percent of WWTF	Total Project Cost
Hydroelectric	5.4	10%	\$129,961
Solar	10	18%	\$530,560
Biogas	138	246%	\$970,287
Small Wind	12	22%	\$455,000
Medium Wind	133	237%	\$2,442,000
Large Wind	328	586%	\$4,455,000

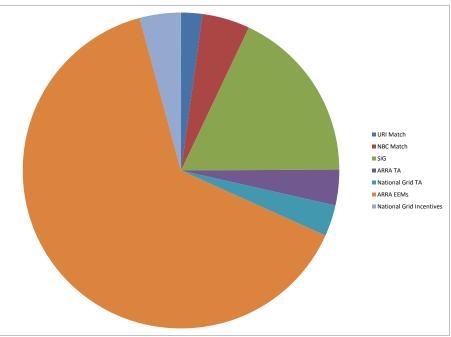




# WWTF Sustainability Project Outcomes

#### **Projects Outcomes**

- Energy Assessment of all 19
   WWTFs
- 4,470,000 kWh/year of potential energy savings
- 11,000 kWh/year of clean renewable energy opportunities
- Leveraged 1.2 M in additional funding
- Heightened energy use awareness
- Improved energy related communications



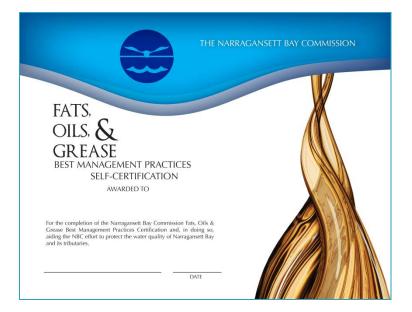
URI Match	\$33,512
NBC Match	\$75,000
EPA SIG	\$275,000
ARRA TA	\$55,904
National Grid Energy TA	\$49,147
ARRA EEMs	\$985,460
National Grid Incent.	\$65,000
Total:	\$1,539,023

# Sustainable Energy Management Program for WWTF

# Fats Oils and Grease Environmental Results Program (FOG-ERP)

- Improve Management of FOG using BMPs at Restaurants and Food Service Facilities
- Reduce the Discharge of Waste Oil and Grease to the Sewer System, and
- Promote the Use of Waste Oil and Grease as a Source of Renewable Energy

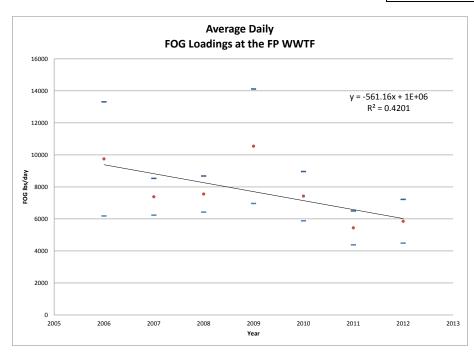


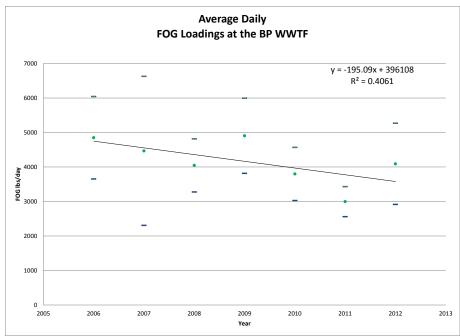


# FOG Loadings Down Biodiesel Production Up



Newport Biodiesel boost s production to 1.5 million gallons in 2013





### **Biodiesel Production Process**

Fuel	Specific Gravity	Heating Value (Btu/gallon)
No. 2 Diesel	0.850	129,500
Biodiesel (B100)	0.880	118,296
B20 Blend (B20)	0.856	127,259
B2 Blend (B2)	0.851	129,276

#### Pure Glycerin:

- Pharmaceuticals
- Cosmetics
- Medicines

#### **Biodiesel Glycerin:**

- Burned for energy/disposal
- Composting
- Refined for other uses
- Biogas Production
- Carbon Source for WWTF Process





# On-Going and Planned NBC Sustainability Projects

- Green Buildings
- Spartina Grass Plantings
- Osprey Cam System
- Bucklin Point Solar Energy
- Hydro-Electric at WWTFs
- GHG Emissions
- Wastewater Reuse



## Green Buildings

New State of the Art Laboratory Building – in Design Phase – Completion 2013

CDM





New Operations Building Houses new Plant Computer Control Center - Completed Dec. 2011 LEED Silver Certified

# Spartina Grass Plating - Bucklin Point May 18, 2013





## **Bucklin Point Osprey Cam**

Bucklin Point Osprey Nest

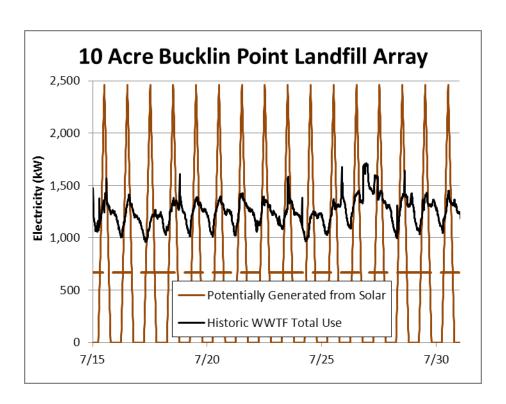


- Wireless solar powered system connecting a video camera to a computer
- Mounted on a pole adjacent nest
- Infra-red camera allows for viewing after dark without lights



Conanicut Island Raptor Project

# Bucklin Point 2.6 MW Solar Energy Project





11.4 acres - Former Landfill \$8,348,470 Cost 2,864,646 kWh/year 28% of BP Load

## Siphon Hydroelectric Turbines

#### Project Facts:

LocationOdra river, southern Poland near Wroclaw cityCustomerElektrownia Wodna we Wloclawku Spolka z.o.o.Project TypeOn existing weir to supplement Francis turbine

Site Data Head = 3.5 m

Flow = 3.90 cms

Turbine Three MT10 Siphon turbines
Total Power 300 kW (100 kW per unit)

Mavel Supply Turbines

Generators Inlet Draft tube Electric system Control system

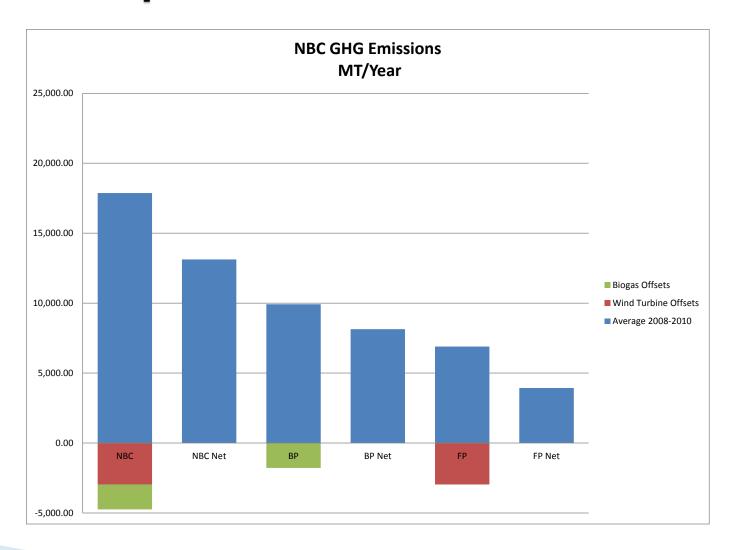
Commissioning 2006



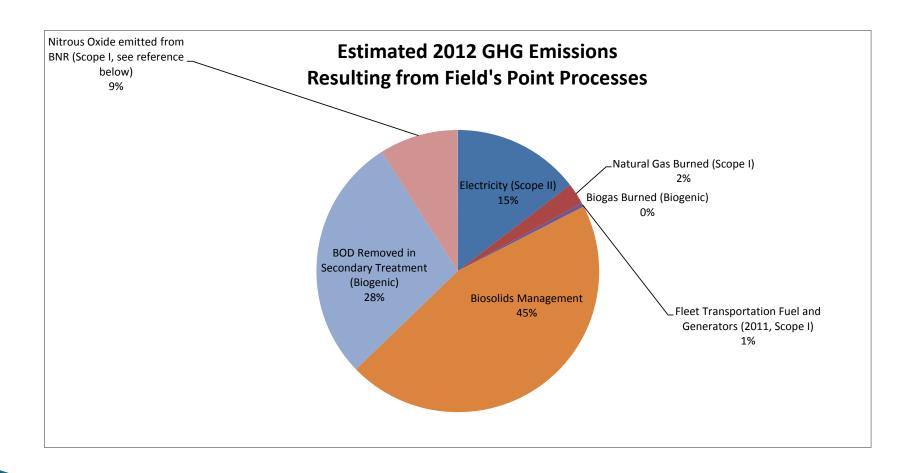
#### Mavel MT10 Performance

Head (m)	2.0	5.0
Flow (cms)	2.0	5.0
Actual Power (kW)	30	180

## **GHG Footprint 2010**



### Future GHG Measurements



## Water Reuse Opportunities



## Water Reuse Opportunities





# Questions